

# Hawaiian Gazette

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HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, FRIDAY, JULY 19, 1912.—SEMI WEEKLY.

WHOLE NO. 8729

## SHINGLE BREAKS WITH CUPID AND SAYS HE WILL ABIDE BY PRESIDENT TAFT'S ACTION

**Issues Statement in Which He Deplores Lack of  
Harmony—Praises Delegate for Work Done  
in the Past But Blames Him for Much of the  
Present Trouble.**

In a formal statement issued through The Advertiser, Robert W. Shingle formally announces that he has broken with the Delegate to Congress, as he finds himself unable to follow Prince Cupid into the fight against the Governor, which now seems to be a fight against the vested interests of the Territory.

In the statement he deplores the lack of harmony which now threatens to disrupt the Republican party here, and declares that as a good Republican he feels it incumbent upon him to work for the best interests of the party irrespective of the men who may for the time being be the leaders. He declares that "for personal reasons he would be unable to appear as a rival candidate for the nomination to the Delegation before the convention."

He urges that "every means be exhausted by the leaders of the different factions, to unite before any steps are taken to supplant Prince Kuhio, the present Delegate." He then declares that Cupid in the past has done many things for the good of the Territory, and asserts that "his services thus rendered must appeal to all factions of the party and if he has made any mistakes in a political sense every effort should be made to overlook them by the party leaders."

### Up to President.

In taking up the quarrel between Cupid and the Governor, Mr. Shingle urges that the decision of the President be allowed to be final and that any findings made by the representative of Mr. Taft down here be considered binding upon all factions. "So far as the Delegate, the Governor and the party are concerned, power must be lodged somewhere, and in this case the final arbiter is the President," he says.

His statement follows:

To the Republican Party of Hawaii:—  
In order to afford ample opportunity and time for the Republican leaders to effect a compromise with Prince Kuhio and his supporters or to find some person who can unite the forces of the Republican party in these islands, I am compelled, somewhat reluctantly, to make this public announcement:

I have been urged by some of the more prominent leaders of the party to permit my name to be presented to the Republican convention as a candidate for Delegate to Congress from this Territory. I have given the matter serious consideration and for personal reasons I will not oppose Kuhio. Our friendship has been a long one and I hope it will continue. While I would refuse to support him should he bolt the Republican party—which in my opinion he never will do—I would not be a candidate against him.

### Harmony Best.

What seems to me best at this critical time is the uniting of the forces of the Republican party. No Republican should be expected to accept the nomination at the hands of a divided party. Every means should be exhausted by the leaders of the different factions to unite before any attempt should be made to supplant Prince Kuhio, the present Delegate. It must be borne in mind that for ten years he has led the Republican forces in these islands to victory, and that he has at all times, in congress, worked diligently for the advancement of the business interests of Hawaii, and has supported every measure looking for the general welfare of the people. His services thus rendered must appeal to all factions of the party, and if he has made any mistakes in a political sense, every effort should be made to overlook them by the party leaders and managers.

### President Arbiter.

The present controversy between the Delegate and the Governor has caused a serious division in the ranks of the Republican party in this Territory, and every thinking man must admit that the decision of the President of the United States after full investigation as to whether or not Governor Peary should be reappointed, should be final and conclusive. So far as the Delegate, the Governor and the party are concerned, power must be lodged somewhere and in this case the final arbiter is the President. I do not believe that the fight should be carried on—either within or without the party by Republicans—after the decision of the President is announced, and thus far I cannot agree with the Delegate.

A nomination from the Republican party as a candidate for Delegate to Congress is the highest political honor that can be offered to any citizen of

this Territory, and I fully appreciate the consideration that has been shown in requesting me to become a candidate for selection by the coming Republican convention. But I feel that at this stage of the fight, it would be not only unwise but detrimental to the best interest of the party for any one, no matter who he might be, to step forward as a candidate for the delegation.

A policy which is advocated by some prominent Republicans opposed to Prince Kuhio, of remaining inactive in the Republican, Territorial and County conventions, and supporting Mr. McCandless, the Democratic nominee for Delegate, is unwise, in my opinion, for the following reason:

The Republican Party in its National Platform says: "We hold that the important duties should be high enough, while yielding a sufficient revenue, to protect adequately American industries and wages."

The Democratic Platform pledges that party to adopt a tariff for revenue only.

From a commercial standpoint, and for the future prosperity of these islands there can be no question with either faction of the Republican Party as to whom they should support.

The protective tariff policy of the

(Continued on Page Four.)

## MAY COMPROMISE MAHUKA CASES

**Breckons Admits Negotiations  
With E. O. Hall & Son are  
Under Way.**

United States District Attorney Breckons admitted last night that the question of compromising the Mahuka site cases out of court was under consideration and that offers made by E. O. Hall and Son would soon be submitted to the government.

It has been known for some time that negotiations were under way whereby a compromise agreement could be arrived at between E. O. Hall & Son and the federal authorities but until last night no definite statement on the matter had been forthcoming.

One of the conditions of the compromise is said to be that the firm in question will be granted a year in which to find another building in which to carry on its business.

E. D. Tenney of Castle & Cooke firmly believes that the long-delayed federal building will grace that entire block bounded by Fort, King, Bishop and Merchant streets and known as the Mahuka site. He feels practically certain that Delegate Kalanianoʻe will be successful in obtaining the additional amount necessary to make the purchase literally an bloc.

The Delegate is sanguine that congress will favor the request for additional money in order that the entire block may pass into the ownership of Uncle Sam, and is pleased at the prospect of a much larger federal building being erected than could have been the case had the site been confined to half a block.

The Irwin sisters are still sitting tight and hoping against hope that the Mahuka site scheme may yet be frustrated; and there are others.

## WEDDING GUESTS LEAVING TODAY

With each steamer to Waimea a party of guests are leaving for the wedding of Miss Thelma Parker to Mr. Smart. The bride-to-be and her fiancé left on the steamer Mauna Kea Wednesday. They were accompanied by E. Parker, H. H. Parker, G. Macfarlane, Maj. W. A. Purdy and wife, Mrs. Chas. Pederson, Miss H. Bradford, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Carter, Col. Sam Parker, J. T. McCrossen, the Misses Dowsett, Mrs. A. K. Conrad, Mrs. E. P. Low, R. McCristian.

Those who will leave on the steamer Kilauea today will be Prince and Princess Kalanianoʻe, Mrs. G. A. Widemann, Ed. Hedemann, John H. Jones, Mrs. A. C. Dowsett, Edward Dowsett, David Dowsett, Arthur Gay and H. H. Walker.

John D. Baskettoller was seventy-three years old July 8. He assured inquirers that he had never felt better in his life.

## PLANS TO BUILD KONA RAILROAD

**J. McLaughlin, Illinois Promoter,  
Talks of Vast Scheme For  
Big Island.**

If the plans of J. McLaughlin, a promoter of Springfield, Illinois, materialize, Kona will awake from its Rip Van Winkle sleep by the first of January next and rub its eyes in astonishment, for on that date real locomotives on a real railroad will be putting their way along the right of way of the Kona Railroad and Land Company.

Kealahou Bay is to be the chief port which the railroad will touch, though it will extend some miles north of Kailua and southward as far as the Ahulili ranch. Also it is whispered that when the thousand-foot pier is constructed by the government at Kealahou Bay it will likely be the Hawaiian port of call for a transpacific steamship line that is already in process of formation.

### Secures Option.

Option on a controlling interest of the stock of the Kona Railroad and Land Company was yesterday secured by Mr. McLaughlin, and it is his purpose to secure at once the necessary funds for the construction and equipment of the road from his principals in New York. Bonds will be issued and local capital will also be given the opportunity to participate.

According to figures furnished by railroad engineers the road can be constructed at a very low figure. The preliminary survey has already been made, and according to competent construction engineers, the road can be built at a very low cost. Mr. McLaughlin says that his estimates show that it will not cost on an average of more than ten thousand dollars a mile to grade and lay the track, while the minimum cost for several miles will be only about three thousand dollars. These are exceedingly low figures, but, according to Mr. McLaughlin, they are well within estimates of the engineers. The cost of the Hilo Railroad is from sixty thousand to a hundred and seventy thousand dollars per mile. When completed, the road will be seventy-six miles long, and its total cost will be about a million and a half.

### Look to Timber Leads.

For the support of the road it is estimated that a tonnage of a hundred thousand for the first year can be secured, and with the development of the country, caused by the facility afforded for getting produce to market and the completion of the Kona ditch, it will be enormously increased. Mr. McLaughlin says that there are immense areas of marketable timber along the right of way and these need only means of transportation to be placed on the market.

Moreover, Mr. McLaughlin says, there is now being promoted by English and Japanese capitalists a steamship line to connect Manila with San Francisco and that this line seeks a port on the islands. The Bay of Kealahou offers just such a port as this line (Continued on Page Four.)

## SHACKLED



## TEDDY DENIES STEAM ROLLER CHARGES

**Says He Did Not Make Use of  
it in the Last Two  
Campaigns.**

**NOT WORRYING OVER RESULT**

**Declares He Is Satisfied With  
the Way Matters Are Now  
Shaping Up.**

NEW YORK, July 19.—Colonel Roosevelt, through the columns of the Outlook, yesterday answered his critics, and denied that steam roller methods were used in the Republican national convention in 1900 or in 1908. He declares that to attempt to compare the methods put into operation by the Taft forces in 1912, with those used in previous conventions is absurd.

This year he adds, methods were used which were far worse than anything ever done before. He declares that for the future the people will compel the nominations of the officials they may wish, and will not permit the interference of any bosses.

Continuing the Colonel asserts that the future the people will compel the against bossism, but he is persuaded that the Democratic gathering in Baltimore nominated Woodrow Wilson at the behest of the bosses of that party.

### Teddy's Running Mate.

Senator Dixon, Roosevelt's manager, said yesterday that Governor Hiram Johnson of California, ex-Senator Beveridge of Indiana and John M. Parker of New Orleans, as well as several others, have been suggested for vice-presidential nomination by the Progressives in the August convention.

### Aid for Teddy.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Granville Fortescue, assistant secretary of the Pan American Union, has resigned his position and will join the Roosevelt workers.

### Works Scornful.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Senator Works of California predicts the collapse of the Roosevelt Progressive party.

## SCORE ARE SWEEP TO DEATH BY CLOUDBURST IN THE NEVADA HILLS

RENO, Nevada, July 19.—Twenty lives have been lost through a cloudburst in the mountains near here. Rescue parties have been rushed to the scene, where, it is reported, other victims of the storm are in need of assistance.

## "JIM" M'NAMARA SENT TO DARK CELL

SAN QUENTIN, July 19.—James B. McNamara, the younger of the two brothers convicted of blowing up the Los Angeles Times building, has been ordered confined in a dark cell indefinitely, as a punishment for insubordination.

## NINE DIE IN CLOUDBURST. JACOBS CREEK, Pennsylvania, July 18.—Nine people were drowned today in a cloudburst near this city. The disaster took the whole countryside by surprise and loss of property will run into the thousands.

## BIG RIVER AND HARBOR BILL PASSES

WASHINGTON, July 18.—The senate has passed the rivers and harbors bill, appropriating \$33,000,000, including \$6,000,000 for Mississippi river work.

### AGREE ON TARIFF VOTES.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Leaders of the senate have agreed to act upon the tariff revision bills, taking up the wool tariff bill next Thursday, the sugar bill Friday and the excise bill Saturday. It is believed that under these conditions the Democratic filibuster will be withdrawn.

### PARKER HAD MILLION.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—W. F. Hiegan of New York today testified before the senate campaign fund investigation committee that Judge Parker's Democratic campaign fund in 1904 amounted to a million dollars.

## CANAL OPENING MAY BE DELAYED

**Slide in Culebra Cut May Throw  
Out Plans, Declares T. K. K.  
General Manager.**

That the proposed opening of the great Panama Canal may be delayed for a twelve month was the announcement made yesterday by Mr. Avery, assistant general manager of the T. K. K. line. In speaking of the possible effects of this Mr. Avery declared that it might cost many millions of dollars to steamship companies all over the world, to say nothing of what it would cost to the farmers, manufacturers and shippers in America.

"I learned of the slide just before leaving San Francisco," said Mr. Avery on board the Tenyo Maru, yesterday. "It came as a shock to me. As you know we have been expecting that the canal would open in the latter part of 1913. If this slide, which is said to have been a large one, has the results the government engineers seem to fear, it will cost the people of the world scores of millions of dollars."

"According to the report I received, a heavy slide, some thousands of tons of earth, tumbled into the Culebra cut, following torrential rains. The slide is said to have been the largest of the innumerable ones that have from time to time fallen into the great cut. It will entail an enormous expenditure on the part of Uncle Sam to clear it out of the cut in the first place and no expert could possibly estimate the amount of money the delay in the opening of the canal will cost the people of the world."

"Just what it will mean to us, who are doing business on the Pacific, I leave to your imagination. Only one good thing looms up. It will give a little more time in which to get ready."

## STEFFENS TESTIFIES IN DARROW'S BEHALF

LOS ANGELES, California, July 18.—A sensation was produced in the trial of Attorney Clarence Darrow today when Fremont Older of the San Francisco Bulletin, and Lincoln Steffens, the magazine writer and reform worker, testified for the defense, detailing the alleged story of the compromise by which the McNamara took prison sentences. The defense is attempting to prove that the compromise was reached by general agreement and not forced by Darrow after he was aware of the bribery evidence secured against him. Mr. Steffens produced an agreement by which James McNamara bound himself to confess. He said Meyer Linder, the Los Angeles progressive, had dictated it.

### CUBAN REBEL KILLED.

HAVANA, Cuba, July 18.—General Pedro Velez, last of the leaders of the recent revolution, has been killed by government troops near Santiago.

## THIRD PARTY IS FORMED IN CITY

**Dozen Local "Progressives" Meet  
at Headquarters and Appoint  
Committee.**

Just one dozen of the faithful met in an attic room on the third floor of the Judd building yesterday afternoon and formed the National Progressive party of Hawaii. Or if they did not quite form it they laid the ground plates of their ship of state, or, not to mix the figures, planted the seed from which they expect to rear a noble tree. The metaphors may be slightly involved but the idea as expressed by the faithful is there.

Among other things the dozen apostles of Roosevelt selected a committee which will meet this morning and debate upon the advisability of sending a delegate to the national convention of the new party, which will meet in Chicago August 5, and the different steps which must be taken in order to proselyte down here. The committeemen are George R. Carter, Professor Howard M. Ballou, Charles G. Hiser, Jr., George P. Thielan and A. L. C. Atkinson.

It is probable that the "call" issued by the Roosevelt headquarters at Oyster Bay for a convention will be printed here and scattered broadcast. According to a member of the committee last night, every effort will be made by the third party leaders to "back the best men," no matter what ticket they may be on.

"We have not decided upon such questions as ticket and platform and local convention. Indeed I see no chance of there being a local convention. We are not strong enough, although I want to say that such men as Judge Whitney and others of his type are in sympathy with the aims of the progressive party, and would exert a considerable influence were we to get into the field."

"At present, however, we believe it will be best to work quietly, getting signers for our roll and gathering in converts to our way of thinking. Believe me, we are going to do some hard work, and let him laugh best who laughs last."

## WHAT HUNGRY DELEGATES TO CONVENTION CONSUMED

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The remaining delegates who attended the Evangelistic convention at Lihue arrived last evening on the steamer Claudine. All report the convention to have been a great success.  
From the list of food consumed while at Lihue, it is apparent that none of the clergy men suffered from hunger. 15 bushels, 8 pigs, 49 barrels of pork, 10 bags sweet potatoes, 14 cases condensed milk, 600 pounds of sugar, 400 pounds of rice, 2 cases pilot bread, 50 loaves bread each day, 3000 lbs. of fish, 70 lbs. coffee and 28 lbs. tea, were consumed during the convention.  
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